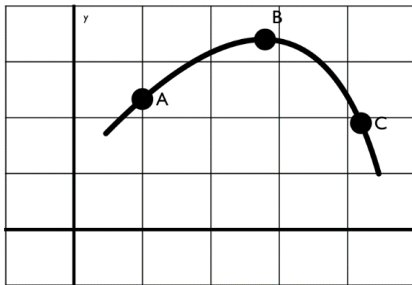


Limits & Continuity

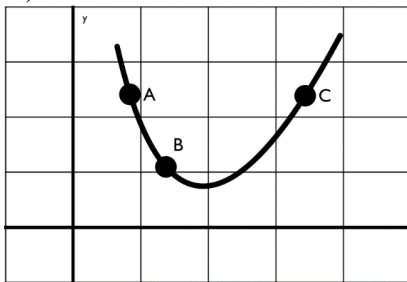
1.5A – Slopes, Rates of Change, and Derivatives

A: If a tangent line were drawn at each point, state whether the slopes are positive, negative or zero at each point

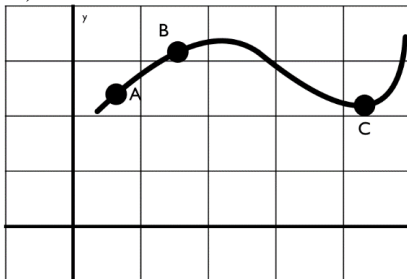
#1)



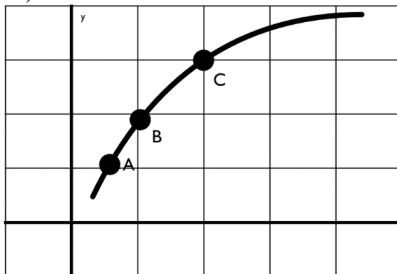
#2)



#3)

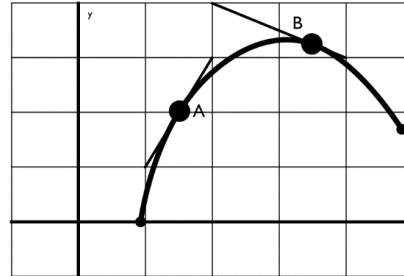


#4)

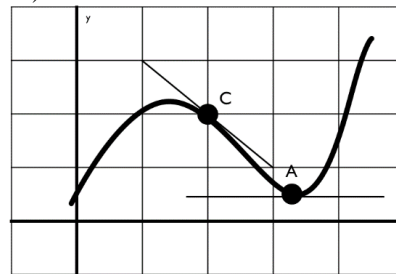


B: Find the slopes of each tangent line by counting rise and run.

#5)

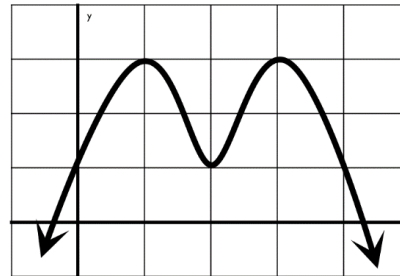


#6)

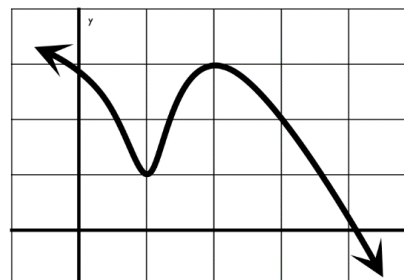


C: Use the graph of each function to make a rough sketch of the derivative showing where $f'(x)$ is positive, negative and zero.

#7)



#8)



Limits & Continuity

1.5A – Slopes, Rates of Change, and Derivatives

D: Find the average rate of change (that means find the slope $m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$) of the given function at the given x-values

#9) $y = x^2 + 7x$

a. (1, 8) and (3, 30)

b. (1, 8) and (2, 18)

c. (1, 8) and (1.1, 8.91)

d. (1, 8) and (1.01, 8.0901)

E: Find the instantaneous rate of change of the function, then find it specifically at the point given.

#10) $f(x) = x^2 + 7x$ at $x = 1$ (When finished, compare this answer and problem with #9)

#11) $f(x) = x^2 + 5$ at $x = 3$

Limits & Continuity

1.5A – Slopes, Rates of Change, and Derivatives

#12) $f(x) = 2x - 4$ at $x = 5$

F: Find $f'(x)$ by definition.

#14) $f(x) = x^2 + x + 1$

#13) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$ at $x = 7$

#15) $f(x) = 8$

Limits & Continuity

1.5A – Slopes, Rates of Change, and Derivatives

#16) $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ (hint: at some point multiply by 1
in the form of $\frac{\sqrt{x+h}+\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x+h}+\sqrt{x}}$)

#18) $f(x) = \pi$

#17) $f(x) = \frac{2}{x}$

#19) $f(x) = \frac{x}{5}$